

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. A flash memory comprising:
an array of non-volatile memory cells;
data connections;
an interconnect configuration compatible with a rambus dynamic random access memory (RDRAM); and
output circuitry to provide output data on the data connections on rising and falling edges of a clock signal.
2. The flash memory of claim 1 further comprising sense amplifier circuitry coupled to the array, wherein the sense amplifier circuitry detects a differential voltage.
3. The flash memory of claim 1 further comprising input circuitry to receive input data on the data connection on rising and falling edges of a clock signal.
4. A flash memory comprising:
an array of non-volatile memory cells;
data connections;
a clock signal connection to receive a clock signal;
an interconnect configuration compatible with a rambus dynamic random access memory (RDRAM);
output circuitry to provide output data on the data connections on rising and falling edges of the clock signal; and
input circuitry to receive input data on the data connections on rising and falling edges of the clock signal.

5. A flash memory comprising:
an array of non-volatile memory cells, wherein the array comprises bit lines couplable to the non-volatile memory cells;
sense amplifier circuitry coupled to the bit lines, wherein the sense amplifier circuitry detects a differential voltage between the bit lines;
pre-charge circuitry coupled to pre-charge the bit lines to first and second voltage levels to provide an initial differential voltage prior to sensing a memory cell;
data connections;
a clock signal connection to receive a clock signal;
an interconnect configuration compatible with a rambus dynamic random access memory (RDRAM); and
output circuitry to provide output data on the data connection on rising and falling edges of the clock signal.

6. The flash memory of claim 5 further comprising input circuitry to receive input data on the data connection on rising and falling edges of the clock signal.

7. A flash memory comprising:
an array of non-volatile memory cells;
data connections;
a clock signal connection to receive a clock signal;
an interconnect configuration compatible with a rambus dynamic random access memory (RDRAM); and
control circuitry coupled to the array to provide two data access operations per clock cycle.

8. A method of reading a flash memory comprising:
providing a read command;
providing memory cell addresses;

reading first and second data words from non-volatile memory cells;
outputting the first data word on a rising edge of a clock signal following a rambus dynamic random access memory (RDRAM) compatible format; and
outputting the second data word on the falling edge of the clock signal following the rambus dynamic random access memory (RDRAM) compatible format.

9. The method of claim 8 wherein the non-volatile memory cells are floating gate memory cells and the comparator circuit detects a voltage of a word line coupled to non-volatile memory cells.

10. A method of reading a flash memory comprising:
reading first and second data words from non-volatile memory cells;
outputting the first data word on a rising edge of a clock signal following a rambus dynamic random access memory (RDRAM) compatible format; and
outputting the second data word on the falling edge of the clock signal following the rambus dynamic random access memory (RDRAM) compatible format.

11. A processing system comprising:
a processor; and
an RDRAM compatible flash memory coupled to the processor comprising:
an array of non-volatile memory cells;
a clock signal connection to receive a clock signal; and
control circuitry coupled to the array to provide two data access operations per clock cycle following a RDRAM compatible format.

12. A processing system comprising:
a processor;
a single communication bus coupled to the processor;
a volatile memory device coupled to the single communication bus; and

an RDRAM compatible flash memory coupled to the single communication bus comprising,

- an array of non-volatile memory cells,
- a clock signal connection to receive a clock signal, and
- control circuitry coupled to the array to provide two data access operations per clock cycle following a RDRAM compatible format.

13. The processing system of claim 12 wherein the volatile memory device and the RDRAM compatible flash memory both respond to common command signals provided on the single communication bus.

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